# Development of android based augmented reality video for tennis courts learning

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**Submission date:** 29-Jul-2021 09:31AM (UTC+0700)

**Submission ID:** 1625267075

File name: 10. Galang.docx (2.08M)

Word count: 4563

Character count: 24554



http://journal.uir.ac.id/index.php/JSP Vol. 6. No. 2. August, (2021)



### Development of android based augmented reality video for tennis courts learning

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Received: 03 February 2021; Accepted 23 April 2021; Published 29 July 2021 Ed 2021; 6(2): 218-230



This research aims to develop an android-based augmented reality application called AR Tennis. The resulted product is used as a medium for learning tennis courts courses. The AR Tennis application helps students understand the illustrations contained in courts tennis textbooks. The picture in the book which is originally only a silent illustration, with the help of the AR Tennis application, the image will move. The method used is MDLC (Multimedia Development Life Cycle). Testing the aptitication using the blackbox method and the results are all components of the application function properly. From the results of the assessment of learning media experts obtained a value of 97.6 with a very good category. From the expert on tennis material, the score is 89.2 with a good category. And trials for students who take part in tennis court scored 92.14 in the appropriate category for use. Augmented reality technology is still not popular in the field of education. But going forward this technology will be very helpful in any study in the education.

Keywords: Development; android; augmented reality; tennis







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How to Cite: Sulaksono, G. (2021). Development of android based augmented reality video for tennis courts learning. Journal Sport Area, 6(2), 218-230. https://doi.org/10.25299/sportarea.2021.vol6(2).6361

#### INTRODUCTION

Court tennis is played by two players or four players at the same time with a partner of two players each (Kamal & Imelda, 2011; Supriatna, 2016). Court tennis can be played by everyone without any age restrictions. This game uses a racket and ball and can be played singles or doubles (Sahan & Erman, 2009). According to statistical data from Statistic and Data (2020) reported that tennis courts have around 1.2 billion fans in the world. In the data presented from all sports in the world, tennis ranks fourth under football, cricket, and hockey. Zetou (2012) said tennis is a medium that can maintain good health. This is enough to illustrate that tennis is very popular with people in the world. Besides that, tennis is also one of the subjects taught on campus which has a sports faculty.

Learning today requires educators to be more innovative in carrying out teaching. Educators must be able to design interesting educational activities for students. One of the innovations in learning is the use of technology (Al-Shara, 2015). Technology has entered into human life and society which makes it an important aspect for daily life, be it social life, education, profession and religion (Xavier & Francis, 2017). Developing an understanding of cognitive, metacognitive, affective, and physiological requires educators to make effective learning using technology (Crompton et al., 2020). With the development of aspects of education in Indonesia, a technology is needed to further advance education in terms of science and technology. One way of applying technology in learning is by using textbooks.

Teaching materials that are still often and easy to use today are books. Books are always the first choice as learning aids. Textbooks provide great benefits in the teaching and learning process, in this case students in learning gain meaningful relationships to solve problems (Surahman & Yeni, 2019). In addition to functioning to support educators in the learning process, books are also a source of knowledge for students (Asri, 2017). In a book, it does not only contain text which is the contents of the book, but there are also images that represent illustrations of the contents of the text. But the pictures in the book are just a silent illustration. This makes it a little difficult for the reader to describe the meaning of the image. Therefore we need a technology to help readers better understand the meaning of the illustrations. One technology that is curantly being developed is Augmented Reality.

Augmented Reality is a technique that combines two-dimensional and three-dimensional virtual objects into a real three-dimensional sphere and then projects these objects in real time (Pamoedji & Sanjago, 2017). Dynamically AR is a technology that coats the real world with virtual right virtual information (Wu et al., 2013). Augmented Reality displays in its remains through virtual objects that the user cannot detect with his or her own senses, which allows one to interact with the real world in different ways (Gopalan et al., 2016). Augmented Reality applications can improve the learning experience of students by inserting video, text, graphics, and audio into the real world (Tuli & Mantri, 2015).

Research conducted by Al-Ansari (2017) only uses a single marker, namely one marker for all objects. So object recognition is less specific and confusing. Continued research from Agatha and Darmawiguna (2017) AR applications are developed without using markers, so that it would interfere with the recognition of certain objects, and supporting materials were still lacking for independent learning. The development of AR Tennis is different from the results of similar research and development that have been carried out before. This development integrates the AR Tennis application into a tennis textbook that has been prepared according to the rules of preparing a textbook. Where in the tennis textbook there is a Quick Respond Code (QR Code) which is used to scan images in the book using the AR Tennis application which can make images in the book move in the form of a video of court tennis practice according to the material in the chapter. Augmented reality technology in books has a positive effect on education not only in cognitive but also affective domains such as activeness, interactiveness, and student abilities (Tuli & Mantri, 2015).

Based on the explanation above, this research is expected to produce a product that is used to support lectures, especially tennis courses. This developed application helps to understand the illustrations in the tennis textbook. Compared to other relevant research, this study includes a textbook that contains material about tennis and is integrated with augmented reality applications. Therefore, this research and development will use the MDLC method in developing textbooks and AR Tennis applications for teaching tennis courses.

#### METHODS

This research is conducted at the Unificersity of Nusantara PGRI Kediri Department of Physical Education, Health and Recreation with a research sample of 30 students. The sampling technique used purposive sampling, namely a sampling technique with special criteria by selecting students who take the tennis course. The data collection instrument uses a questionnaire. The scale used in this study is a Likert scale. Sugiyono (2011) said the Likert scale is used to measure the perceptions, opinions, and attitudes of a person or group of people about social phenomena. The form of the questionnaire for media experts and material experts is different. The media expert's questionnaire assessment includes book cover design, book layout, AR Tennis application design, marker design, and video objects. As for the material expert, the assessment questionnaire consists of material clarity, material understanding, material accuracy, material suitability, and material attractiveness. For users of the questionnaire, the assessment consist start clarity, understanding, accuracy, suitability, and attractiveness. The method used is MDLC (Multimedia Development Life Cycle), namely concept, design, material collection, assembly, testing, and distribution (Binanto, 2010). For the trial, this research involves an expert in learning media, an expert in tennis material, and 30 students who take a tennis course.

#### Concept

This stage is the stage to determing the purpose and who the users of this application are. At this stage, the researcher conceptualizes for: a. Determine the purpose and benefits of the AR Tennis application, b. Determine who the users of the AR Tennis application are, c. Describe the concept of the AR Tennis application that will be developed.

#### 2

#### Design

At this stage, specifications are made regarding the program architecture, style, appearance, and material requirements for the program. The design that will be made uses the interface design from the application menu display. The software used to develop the AR Tennis application is Unity 3D, and for interface design using Adobe Photoshop.



#### Material Collecting

This stage is the stage of collecting materials in accordance with the needs that are done. These materials include mages, photos, videos, audio, and others obtained from the internet and the researchers' own sources. This stage can be done in parallel with the assembly stage. However, in some cases, the collecting material stage and the assembly stage will be carried out linearly and not in parallel.

#### Assembly

The assembly stage is the stage of making all multimedia objects or materials. Application development is based on the design stage, such as storyboards, use cases, or activity diagrams.



The testing stage is carried out after completing the assembly stage by running the application / program and seeing whether there are errors or not. The first stage at this stage is also known as the alpha testing stage (alpha test) whose testing is carried out by the maker or the maker's own environment. After passing the alpha testing, beta testing involving end use will be carried out.



#### Distribution



At this stage the application will be stored in a storage media. This stage can also be called the evaluation stage for the development of finished products so that they become better. Figure 2 is a picture of the flow of the learning media that will be built. The plot describes from the beginning to the end of the plot.

#### RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

#### Concept

The purpose of this application is as a learning medium for tennis courses and the benefit of this application is to make it easier to understand the illustrations in tennis textbooks. Users of this application are educators/lecturers and sports students who take tennis courses. This application runs on Android-based smartphone devices.

#### Design

At this stage, the system design is used to make applications from the initial design stage to the end.



#### Use Case Diagram



In Figure 1 below, the Use Case Diagram is the flow of the AR Tennis application process starting from the user when he first enters the application. In the application there are several main menus, namely AR Camera, Instructions for Use, Developer Profile, and the application exit button.

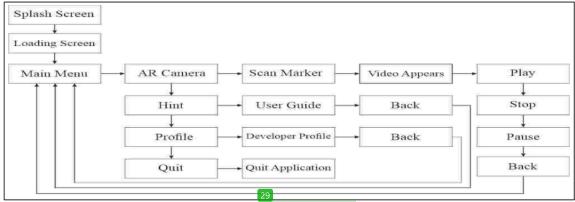


Figure 1. Use Case Diagram

#### **Activity Diagram**

The activity diagram below is about the workflow of the AR Tennis application. The user installs the AR Tennis application and then opens the application. The initial display is a splash screen then a loading screen, after that the main menu consisting of the AR Camera menu, instructions menu, profile menu, and application exit button. In the AR Camera menu places will activate a camera that can be aimed at the markers available in the tennis textbook. Whe the camera is pointed at the marker, a video that matches the material in the chapter will appear. Users can return to the main menu by pressing the back button located at the top of the AR Camera screen. The instructions menu displays instructions on how to use the AR Tennis app. Users can return to the main menu by pressing the back button. The application developer profile with a brief curriculum vitae in it. Users can return to the main menu by pressing the back button. The application exit menu closes the AR Tennis application.

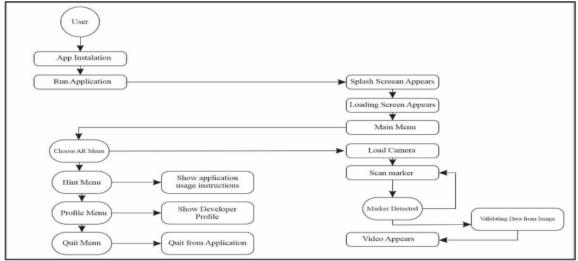


Figure 2. Activity Diagram

#### **Material Collecting**

At this stage, materials related to teaching/learning materials are obtained from interviews with lecturers who teach tennis courses, interviews with students who take tennis courses, reading books, and looking for

other sources from the internet. For materials related to Augmented Reality, the authors get material from reference books, and the internet.

To develop applications, hardware and software are needed. The hardware used is a set of computers with specifications: Processor Intel Core i3 3240, 8 GB RAM, and 2GB Nvidia GTX 750Ti VGA. The software used is Windows 10 Pro as the Operating System, Unity 3D for developing the AR Tennis application, Adobe Photoshop CC 2017 for interface design, and Adobe Premiere Pro CC 2017 used for video processing and editing. Making videos uses a single lens camera with mp4 format. Editing uses Adobe Premiere Pro software by adding text and background audio. Video editing is combined with slow motion which aims to make the motion video clearly visible.

#### Assembly

At this stage, making applications using Unity 3D software, while for image design using Adobe Photoshop. The process of making an application based on design is as follows:

#### AR Tennis App Creation

The AR Tennis application is developed using Unity 3D software version 5.1 with the help of languages C#.



Figure 3. Display of Program Unity 3D

#### **Marker Creation**

Making this AR tennis application uses a marker as a marker. Each chapter or each material will have a different marker shape. The marker is in the form of a QR Code (Quick Respond Code) which is combined with illustrations of material in certain chapters. Making a marker from a marker generator and combining it with a tennis illustration photo use Adobe Photoshop software. An example of a marker image that has been made can be seen in Figure 4 below.



Figure 4. Example of Marker

#### Splashscreen Page

A splashscreen page that says Made with Unity 3D will automatically appear showing the name of the application used to develop, namely Unity3D. This scene appears with a duration of 2 seconds and will go directly to the next scene. The splashscreen page can be seen in Figure 5.



Figure 5. Splashscreen Page

#### Page Loading Screen

The loading screen page displays a silhouette image of a person playing tennis with a mix of colors to make it look attractive. This image is designed using Adobe Photoshop and implemented into an application using Unity 3D. This scene appears with a duration of 2 seconds and will go directly to the next scene. The loading screen page can be seen in Figure 6.



Figure 6. Loading Screen Page



#### Main Menu Page

The main menu page has 4 buttons, namely AR Camera, Instructions for use, Developer profile, and the application exit button. The background and buttons are designed using Adobe Photoshop and implemented into the application using Unity 3D. The main menu page can be seen in Figure 7.



Figure 7. Main Menu Page

#### **AR Camera Page**

The AR Camera button will take us to the AR Camera display (Figure 5), and it can be directed to a tennis book that is equipped with a QR Code or can be called a marker. When the AR Camera is directed at the image marker, a video will appear ready to be played by pressing the play button on the video. To make the video display fullscreen, it can be done by tapping 2 times on the video and selecting fullscreen. If you want to stop the video, you can do it by tapping once on the video. To exit the AR Camera view, you can do this by pressing the menu button on the top right. Figure 8 is shown before using the AR Tennis application, the image is only a marker. And when using the AR Tennis application the image will move.

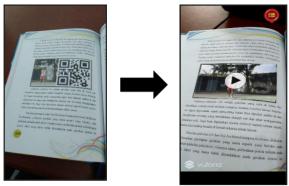


Figure 8. AR Camera Page

#### **Hint Page**



The user manual display (Figure 9) shows how to use the AR Tennis application. The next button serves to display the next instructions for use in sequence.



Figure 9. Hint Page

#### **Profile Page**

The Profile menu display (Figure 10) displays the profile of the developer. Profiles can be read by swiping your finger up or down on the resume text. To return to the main menu by pressing the menu button located in the upper right corner.



Figure 10. Page Profile

#### **Specifications of Court Tennis Textbook**

The textbook is printed in B5 size (18.2 x 25.7 cm) containing 11 tennis materials consisting of the history of tennis, facilities and infrastructure, how to hold a racket, ball feeling, forehand groundstroke, backhand groundstroke, volley, lob, dropshot, overhead, service, rules, and arbitration of tennis courts.



Figure 11. Display of Courts Tennis Text Book



The testing stage is carried out after the assembly stage is completed by running the application/program to find out whether there are errors or not. At this stage, testing is carried out using blackbox testing. This blackbox method is a program testing based on the function of the program. The purpose of this blackbox testing method is to find malfunctions in the program. Blackbox testing focuses on the functional requirements of the software (Pressman, 2010). This test allows the system allysis to obtain input conditions that do all the functional requirements of the application. The test results can be seen in table 1.

Table 1. Blackbox Test

No	Object	Sub Object	Functioning Not functioning	
1	APK Instalation		✓	
2	Splashscreen Page		✓	
3	Loading Screen Page		✓	
	Main Menu	AR Camera Button	✓	
4		Hint Button	✓	
4		Profile Button	✓	
		Exit Button	✓	
5	AR Camera Button	Back Button to Main Menu	✓	
	Hint Button	Button of Next 1	✓	
		Button of Next 2	✓	
6		Button of Next 3	✓	
		Back Button to Main Menu	✓	
7	Profile Button	Text Scroll	✓	
/		Back Button to Main Menu	✓	

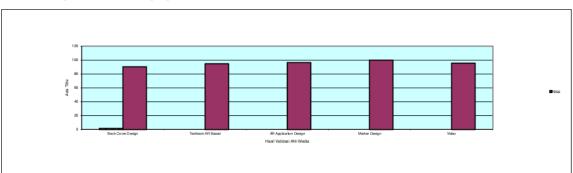
(Source: Research Data, 2019)

#### **Usability Test**

27

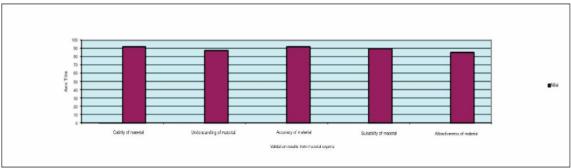
The first test is the assessment of media experts. The assessment uses a questionnaire filled out by media experts. The results of the assessment with the highest percentage on the design of the book cover and marker with a value of 100%. The cover design uses a flat model that looks simple and attractive to readers. The marker design uses a QR Code (Quick Respond Code) model marker which is currently widely used instead of the old-style barcode and all brands work well.

The lowest percentage is obtained in the layout of the book. The layout of the book gets a low score because the arrangement is not consistent and there are parts that are not neat. The results of the assessment of the AR Tennis application and textbooks received an average score of 97.6% with details of the assessment points shown in graph 1 below.



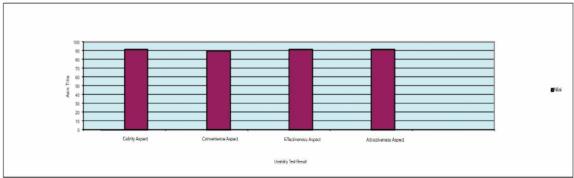
Graph 1. Result of Media Expert Validation

The next test is the assessment of the content and material of the tennis textbook by a courts tennis material expert. The highest percentage is obtained in the aspect of accuracy and clarity of the material with a value of 91.7%. The lowest percentage is in the attractiveness aspect with a value of 85.4%. The courts tennis material in the book is considered less interesting because there is no additional material or additional exercises to attract students' interest to explore and learn more about tennis. The results of the average value of material experts is 89.2% with details of the assessment points can be seen in Graph 2 below.



Graph 2. Result Material Expert Validation

After that, it is tested on 30 students who take the tennis course. Students are allowed to try the AR Tennis application and then fill out the questionnaire that has been provided. The highest percentage is in the aspect of material clarity with a value of 92.50%. The lowest percentage is the same as the results from material experts, namely the attractiveness aspect with a value of 91.67%. The average score obtained is 92.14% with details of the assessment points can be seen in Graph 3 below.



Graph 3. Result of Respondent Usability Test

#### Distribution

At this stage the distribution of the application is stored in the storage media. This AR Tennis application is based on android mobile, so the author saves this application on google drive so that it is easier to download and go directly to the smartphone for installation.

The use of technology in education is a good innovation and must be developed in a sustainable manner. If we are to end unsustainable thinking and practices, we need a change in the education system to guide us towards a prosperous and sustainable future (Burbules et al., 2020). Teachers who focus on technology integration have the potential to have a positive influence on students to use technology (Wilson et al., 2020).

From the presentation of the data that has been presented, it can be concluded that AR Video products for tennis learning can be used as learning media. Courts tennis learning is carried out at the college level. By

utilizing AR technology, learning can run well and attract the enthusiasm of students. In line with the opinion of Kesim and Ozarslan (2012) that a new approach using AR technology increases the effectiveness and attractiveness of teaching and learning. This makes the integration between traditional learning and modern visualization in the use of AR (Coimbra et [3], 2015).

In Indonesia, there has been a lot of research on Augmented Reality technology that is used in the field of sports education. One of them is research from Putra (2017) where the difference between his research and this research is the use of marker media, in this study the marker has been integrated with the tennis textbook, while the research conducted Putra (2017) without using markers. So in this study, in addition to using AR technology, users can still use textbooks as learning reference materials. Reading books as an important activity, in the use of books it is able to develop human reason and abilities (Benawi, 2012). Another research conducted by Al-Ansari (2017), the study only used one marker for all objects. While in this study each object uses different markers, this makes it easier for users to display objects according to what is being studied at that time.

This AR application is developed with a simple interface that does not confuse users. Instructions for use are also presented with images that make it easier for users to operate this AR application. Seems like what was said by Roth (2017) interface design focuses on interactively implemented general operations or functions that allow users to an interactive and simple interface makes it easy for users to operate and learn. Thanks to AR technology, it is possible to prepare effective and interesting technology-based teaching materials (Sahin & Yilmaz, 2020).

#### CONCLUSION

Research and development of Augmented Reality technology in the field of physical education and health is still very limited in Indonesia. This is the main motivation for researchers to develop an AR tennis application accompanied by a tennis textbook. Through this application, the image that is originally not moving is displayed in the form of a video so that it is expected to increase students' understanding of tennis material. The results of the evaluation of this application to the application components are functioning properly. Furthermore, the results of the assessment by the learning media experts obtained a score of 95.46 in the very good category and the expert on tennis material obtained a score of 89.2 in the good category. In general, through the evaluation of the test results to students, AR tennis media is very feasible to use with a percentage of 92.14%. The limitations of this study can be seen in the material presented is limited to the material available in the tennis textbook only. In addition, the AR Tennis application is also limited to users of Android-based devices. Furthermore, the limitations of researchers to understand programming languages make this research and development need to be refined so that it becomes a better and more stable application when used. Suggestions for further research are the addition of features such as being able to display 3D (3-dimensional) objects and support for iOS-based smartphone devices.

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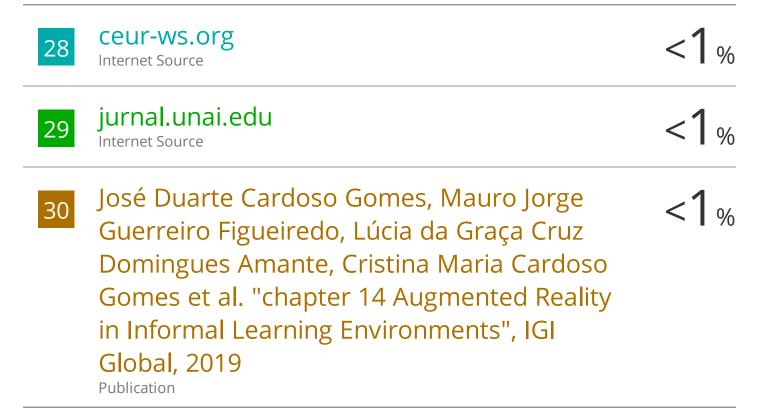
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